## Qualifying Exam in Differential Equations March 2023

Solve all problems

(1) (E, Old problem, 20 points) Let  $f: [-r, r] \to \mathbb{R}$  be a  $C^1$  function with

$$A = \frac{1}{2r} \int_{-r}^{r} f(y) dy \,.$$

Prove that

$$\int_{-r}^{r} \left(f(x) - A\right)^2 dx \le (2r)^2 \int_{-r}^{r} \left(f'(x)\right)^2 dx$$

(2) (E, Old problem, 20 points) Let  $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$ , prove that the Laplace equation  $\Delta u(x) = 0$  is rotation invariant.

(3) Let  $a \in \mathbb{R}$  and f(t, x) satisfy the equation  $\partial_t f + a \partial_x f = \partial_x^2 f$  with initial condition  $f(0, x) = u_0(x), -\infty < x < \infty$ .

a. (E, 10 points) Use the Fourier transform method to solve f.

b. (D, 15 points) If  $b \in \mathbb{R}$  and g satisfy the equation  $\partial_t g + b \partial_x g = \partial_x^2 g$  with initial condition  $g(0, x) = u_0(x)$ . Assume that  $u_0 \in L^1_x$ , prove that

$$||f - g||_{L^{\infty}_{x}} \le C|b - a|||u_{0}||_{L^{1}_{x}}$$

for some constant C > 0 independent of  $u_0$  and a, b.

(4) (M, 15 points) Let  $t > 0, x \in \mathbb{R}^3, v \in \mathbb{R}^3$  and f(t, x, v) satisfy the transport equation  $\partial_t f + v \cdot \nabla_x f = 0$  with initial condition  $f(0, x, v) = f_0(x, v)$ . Prove that

$$\left\| \|f\|_{L_v^1} \right\|_{L_x^\infty} \le Ct^{-3} \left\| \|f_0\|_{L_v^\infty} \right\|_{L_x^1}$$

for some constant C > 0.

(5) (M, 20 points) Let u solves the one dimensional wave equation

$$\begin{cases} u_{tt} - u_{xx} = 0, & x \in \mathbb{R}, t > 0\\ u(0, x) = g(x), u_t(0, x) = h(x), & x \in \mathbb{R}, \end{cases}$$

where g and h are smooth and have compact support. Show that

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} u_t^2(x,t) dx = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} u_x^2(x,t) dx$$

for large enough time t.