

Homework 14 Calculus 1

1. Given $f, f_1, f_2 \in \mathcal{R}([a, b])$, prove that

- If $f_1(x) \leq f_2(x) \forall x \in [a, b]$, then $\int_a^b f_1(x)dx \leq \int_a^b f_2(x)dx$.
- $\int_a^b -f(x)dx = -\int_a^b f(x)dx$.

2. • Given $f \in \mathcal{R}([a, b])$ and $c \in [a, b]$, prove that

$$\int_a^b f(x)dx = \int_a^c f(x)dx + \int_c^b f(x)dx.$$

- Prove that if $|f(x)| \leq M \forall x \in [a, b]$, then $|\int_a^b f(x)dx| \leq M(b - a)$.

3. Rudin Chapter 6, Problem 8.

4. Suppose that

$$f(x) = \int_0^x f(t)dt.$$

- Prove that $f(x) = Ce^x$ for some $C \in \mathbb{R}$.
- Prove that $f = 0$.

5. Prove the *Cauchy-Schwartz* inequality for integrals:

$$\left[\int_a^b f(x)g(x)dx \right]^2 \leq \int_a^b [f(x)]^2 dx \int_a^b [g(x)]^2 dx.$$

(Hint: start by showing that $\int_a^b (f - tg)^2 dx \geq 0$ for ALL $t \in \mathbb{R}$.)

6. Let $f(x)$ be *Lipschitz* continuous on $[0, 1]$. That is, $\exists M$ such that

$$|f(x) - f(y)| < M|x - y| \quad \forall x, y \in [0, 1].$$

Prove that for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$,

$$\left| \int_0^1 f(x)dx - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{j=1}^n f\left(\frac{j}{n}\right) \right| < \frac{M}{2n},$$

7. Given differentiable functions G, H and continuous function f , prove that

$$\frac{d}{dx} \int_{H(x)}^{G(x)} f(t)dt = f(G(x))G'(x) - f(H(x))H'(x).$$

8. Salas 5.3: 2, 10, 12, 29, 33.

9. Salas 5.4: 8, 17, 27, 31, 46, 62, 64.