## Calculus II

Name:
Student ID:

## Quiz 3

Mar. 9, 2006

1. (10pts) Determine if the series is absolutely convergent, conditionally convergent or divergent.

$$
\sum_{k=1}^{\infty}(-1)^{k} \frac{k^{3}}{(3 k)!}
$$

Ans:

$$
\begin{aligned}
\lim _{k \rightarrow \infty}\left|\frac{a_{k+1}}{a_{k}}\right| & =\lim _{k \rightarrow \infty}\left|\frac{(-1)^{k+1}(k+1)^{3}}{(3 k+3)!} \frac{(3 k)!}{(-1)^{k} k^{3}}\right| \\
& =\lim _{k \rightarrow \infty}\left(\frac{k+1}{k}\right)^{3} \frac{1}{(3 k+3)(3 k+2)(3 k+1)} \\
& =0
\end{aligned}
$$

By Ratio Test, since the limit is less than 1, the series is absolutely convergent.

Write your solutions as complete as possible. Working time: 15 minutes.

