## 85 學年度國立成功大學應用教学所紹分了程 頁 試題 第 / 頁

- 1. (a) The equation p(x)y'' + Q(x)y' + R(x)y = 0 is said be exact if there exists a function f such that P(x)y'' + Q(x)y' + R(x)y = [P(x)y']' + [f(x)y]'. Find a necessary and sufficient condition in terms of P(x), Q(x), R(x) so that the (7%)above equation is exact.
  - (b) Show that the equation  $(1+x^2)y'' + xy' y = 0$  is exact and find the general (8%)solution of the equation.
- 2. Determine the equilibrium points and classify each one as stable or unstable for the following equation

$$y' = y^3 - 3y^2 + 2y.$$

Justify your answer.

(10%)

3. Let  $y_1$  and  $y_2$  be two solutions of the equation

$$y'' + p(x)y + q(x)y = 0$$
  $(x > 0)$ 

with the Wronskian given by  $W(y_1, y_2) = -\frac{2}{x}$ . If  $y_1 = x^{-1}$  is one of the solution, find p, q and  $y_2$  and then solve the equation

$$y'' + p(x)y + q(x)y = \frac{\ln x}{x} \qquad (x > 0).$$
(15%)

4. Consider the solution of the equation

$$x^{2}y'' + xp(x)y' + \frac{5}{2}y = 0,$$

where  $p(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} p_n x^n$  is analytic at 0. Find all the possible values of  $p_n$ , (20%) $n = 0, 1, 2, \ldots$ , such that the solutions approach zero as  $x \to 0$ .

5. (a) Show that the eigenvalues of the boundary value problem

$$\begin{cases} [(1 + \cos^2 x)y']' - e^x y + \lambda y = 0 \\ y(0) = y(\pi) = 0 \end{cases}$$

are positive.

(10%)

(b) Find the Green's function for the boundary value problem

$$\begin{cases} y'' + y = -f \\ y(0) = 0, \quad y(1) = 0. \end{cases}$$

(15%)

- 6. (a) Let  $\Phi(t)$  denote the fundamental matrix of the equation x'(t) = Ax(t)  $(t \ge 0)$ satisfying the condition that  $\Phi(0) = I$ , where A is a  $n \times n$  matrix, I the identity (7%)
  - matrix and  $x(t) \in \mathbb{R}^n$ . Show that  $\{\Phi(t), t \geq 0\}$  is a semigroup. (b) Suppose that  $A = (a_{ij})$  with  $a_{ij} = \frac{1}{i(j+1)}$  (i, j = 1, 2, ..., n). (8%)Find  $det(\Phi(1))$ .